Molecular descriptors of heteratomic and multiple bonds molecules

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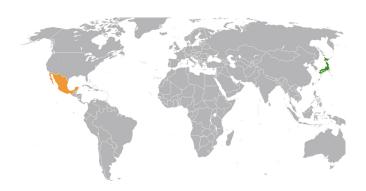
Zagreb, September 2022



| country | population [mil.] |
|---------|----------------------|
| Japan | 125.8 |
| Mexico | 128.9 |

| country | population [mil.] | area $[10^3\mathrm{km}^2]$ |
|---------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Japan | 125.8 | 378 |
| Mexico | 128.9 | 1964 |

Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/



| country | population [mil.] | $\begin{array}{c} \text{area} \\ [10^3\text{km}^2] \end{array}$ | density [people per km²] |
|---------|----------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Japan | 125.8 | 378 | 333 |
| Mexico | 128.9 | 1964 | 66 |

The Elder Wand



The Elder topological index

H. Wiener (1947)

The *Wiener index* is the sum of distanced between all pairs of vertices

$$W(G) = \sum_{\{u,v\} \subseteq V(G)} d(u,v)$$

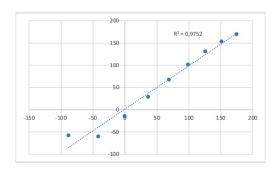
Prediction of boiling points of alkane series

$$T_B(G) = a \cdot W(G) + b \cdot p + c$$

Boiling points of alkane series

| alkane | boiling point | predicted boling point |
|---------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| | $T_b [^{\circ}C]$ | $\widehat{T}_b [{}^{\circ}C]$ |
| ethane | -88,6 | -57,3 |
| propane | -42,1 | -59,6 |
| butane | -0,5 | -13,9 |
| pentane | 36,1 | 28,8 |
| hexane | 68,9 | 67,7 |
| heptane | 98,4 | 102,0 |
| octane | 125,7 | 131,0 |
| nonane | 150,8 | 154,0 |
| decane | 174,1 | 170,1 |

Experimentaly determined T_b VS predicted \widehat{T}_b



Weighted graphs

$$w:V(G) o\mathbb{R}_0^+ o (G,w)$$
 vertex-weighted graph $w':E(G) o\mathbb{R}_0^+ o (G,w')$ edge-weighted graph

Distance based TI in vertex-weighted graphs

distance d(u, v) is the length of a shortest path between u and v

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Wiener index [Klavžar, Gutman-1997]

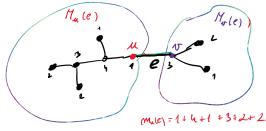
$$W(G,w) = \sum_{\{u,v\}\subseteq V(G)} w(u)w(v)d(u,v).$$

Distance based TI of vertex-weighted graphs

$$M_{u}(e) = \{x \in V(G) \mid d(u,x) < d(v,x)\}$$

$$M_{v}(e) = \{x \in V(G) \mid d(v,x) < d(u,x)\}$$

$$m_{u}(e) = \sum_{x \in M_{u}(e)} w(x), \qquad m_{v}(e) = \sum_{x \in M_{v}(e)} w(x)$$



Distance based TI of vertex-weighted graphs

Szeged index [Gutman- 1994]

$$Sz(G, w) = \sum_{e=uv \in E(G)} m_u(e) m_v(e)$$

Degree based TI in vertex-weighted graphs

- open neighbourhood N_u is the set of vertices that are adjacent to u
- degree of a vertex u in (G, w) is the sum of weights of vertices in N(u):

$$\deg(u) = \sum_{v \in N(u)} w(v)$$

Degree based TI in vertex-weighted graphs

first Zagreb index [Gutman, Trinajstić -1997]

$$M_1(G, w) = \sum_{u \in V(G)} (\deg(u))^2$$

second Zagreb index [Gutman, Trinajstić-1997]

$$M_2(G, w) = \sum_{e=uv \in E(G)} \deg(u) \deg(v)$$

Degree based TI in vertex-weighted graphs

Randić index [Randić -1975]

$$R(G, w) = \sum_{e=uv \in E(G)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\deg(u)\deg(v)}}$$

ABC index [Estrada et al. -1998]

$$ABC(G, w) = \sum_{e=uv \in E(G)} \sqrt{\frac{\deg(u) + \deg(v) - 2}{\deg(u) \deg(v)}}$$

Degree and distance based TI in vertex-weighted graphs

Schultz index [Schultz-1989, Dobrynin et al.-1993]

$$DD(G, w) = \sum_{\{u,v\} \subseteq V(G)} (\deg(u) + \deg(v)) d(u,v)$$

Gutman index [Gutman-1994]

$$Gut(G, w) = \sum_{\{u,v\} \subseteq V(G)} \deg(u) \deg(v) d(u,v)$$

Adjacency matrix of a vertex-weighted graph

$$A(G, w)_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & ; v_i v_j \in E(G, w) \\ 0 & ; v_i v_j \notin E(G, w) \\ w(v_i) & ; v_i = v_j \end{cases}$$

Adjacency matrix of a vertex-weighted graph

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$$\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots \lambda_n$$
 eigenvalues of $A(G, w)$

Eigenvalues based TI in vertex-weighted graphs

graph energy [Li, Shi, Gutman - 2012]

$$E(G, w) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} |\lambda_i|$$

Estrada index [Estrada - 2000]

$$EE(G, w) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} e^{\lambda_i}$$

Gaussian Estrada index [Estrada et al. - 2017]

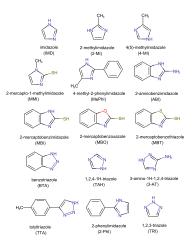
$$GEE(G, w) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} e^{-\lambda_i^2}$$

Corrosion of metals



Source: www.dynagard.info

Corrosion inhibitors



Corrosion inhibition effectiveness

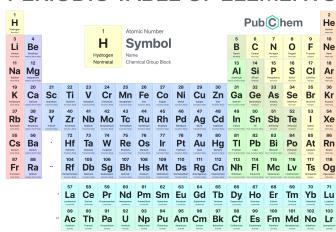
$$\text{IE}\left[\%\right] = 100 \frac{\Delta m_{\text{without inhibitor}} - \Delta m_{\text{with inhibitor}}}{\Delta m_{\text{without inhibitor}}}$$

Experimentally measured IE's for 15 corrosion inhibitors

| Corr.inh. | IE ₁ | IE ₂ | IE ₃ | IE ₄ | IE ₅ | IE_6 | IE ₇ | IE ₈ |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| IMD | 2.05 | 11.02 | 2.05 | 24.15 | -6.15 | 30.82 | -33.94 | -24.84 |
| 2-MI | -10.71 | 20.82 | 7.97 | 31.41 | -1.14 | 23.37 | -19.82 | 3.77 |
| 4-MI | -9.34 | 18.86 | 8.43 | 26.70 | -9.34 | 22.20 | -27.56 | 9.85 |
| MMI | 19.36 | 12.00 | 7.52 | 25.72 | -18.91 | 29.45 | -14.81 | 12.98 |
| MePhI | -17.08 | 20.43 | -0.23 | 24.55 | -19.82 | 26.70 | -35.76 | -0.15 |
| ABI | 3.42 | 14.55 | -3.42 | 28.07 | 0.23 | 28.27 | -17.08 | 9.65 |
| MBI | -0.68 | -5.24 | -23.92 | 13.18 | -26.20 | 6.32 | -11.16 | 13.38 |
| MBO | 1.59 | -20.14 | -7.97 | 18.86 | -38.95 | -195.74 | 10.25 | 26.51 |
| MBT | 7.52 | -7.99 | -23.01 | -5.05 | -12.98 | -0.15 | -34.85 | -2.50 |
| BTA | 26.20 | 9.06 | 17.08 | 27.49 | 3.87 | 22.78 | 11.16 | 18.86 |
| TAH | 11.16 | -24.64 | -0.23 | -16.22 | -6.61 | -14.45 | 5.69 | 0.44 |
| 3-AT | 12.07 | -7.20 | -12.07 | -1.91 | -18.91 | -7.01 | -10.71 | 14.75 |
| TTA | 12.98 | 15.14 | 17.54 | 24.94 | 19.82 | 20.24 | 17.08 | 17.10 |
| 2-PhI | -10.71 | 16.12 | -6.61 | 22.59 | -13.44 | 30.03 | -12.98 | -20.33 |
| TRI | -1.59 | -26.21 | -36.22 | -61.10 | -44.42 | -69.33 | -48.06 | -88.93 |

Periodic table

PERIODIC TABLE OF ELEMENTS



4 models of vertex-weighted molecular graphs

| Atom | Model 1 | Model 2 | Model 3 | Model 4 |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Carbon | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| N itrogen | 1 | 7 | 7 | 7/6 |
| O xygen | 1 | 8 | 8 | 4/3 |
| Sulfur | 1 | 16 | 16 | 8/3 |

Data

- 15 corrosion inhibitors
- 8 types of corrosion inhibition effectiveness obtained experimentally
- 4 models for determination of weights of vertices in (G, w)
- 8 topological indices

Tools for calculations

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Best results

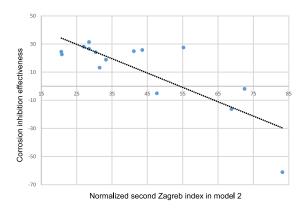


Figure: The linear regression between M_2^2/n and ${\rm IE}_4$, R=-0.81.

Best results

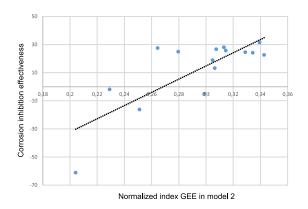


Figure: The linear regression between GEE^2/n and IE_4 , R=0.78.

Multiple bonds molecules

edge-weighted graphs (G, w')

Wiener index of (G, w')

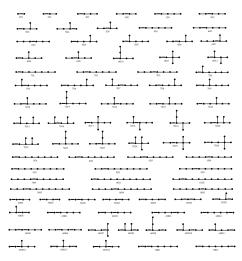
Wiener index of (G, w') [Klavžar, Nadjafi-Aranni - 2013]

$$W(G, w') = \sum_{\{u,v\} \subseteq V(G)} d_{(G,w')}(u,v)$$

shortest path P between u and v of (G, w') is a path with the minimum weight w'(P) among all possible paths between u and v:

$$d_{(G,w')}(u,v)=w'(P)$$

Molecules-alkenes and alkadienes



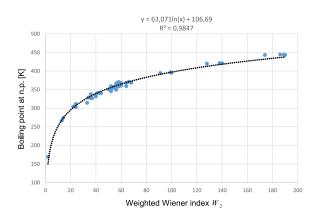
What is the weight of double-bond?

1, 2,
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 or actual bond length

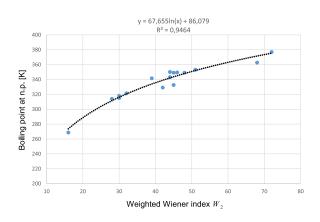
Bonds lengths

| Bond Type | Bond Length | Relative Distance |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| $sp^3 - sp^3$ | 1.544 | 1.000 |
| $sp^3 - sp^2$ | 1.501 | 0.972 |
| $sp^2 - sp^2$ | 1.483 | 0.960 |
| $sp^2 - sp^2 + \pi$ | 1.339 | 0.867 |
| $sp^2 - sp + \pi$ | 1.309 | 0.848 |

Wiener index of alkenes with w(e) = 2



Wiener index of alkadienes with w(e) = 2



Motivation
Topological indices of weighted graphs
Corrosion inhibition effectiveness
Wiener index of alkenes and alkadienes

THE END...thanks